



### NATURE CANADA'S MISSION:

Together we protect nature, its diversity, and the processes that sustain it.

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Download this brochure and others like it at www.naturecanada.ca, or contact us for more information at info@naturecanada.ca.



Your Hands-on Guide to

Plants and Climate Change

# **Citizen Scientists Unite!**

Join our PlantWatch Program



The PlantWatch Program is your opportunity to become a citizen scientist and help us learn more about the effects of climate change! By submitting simple

yet vital observations about the blooming dates of certain plant species in your area, you can help scientists discover how and why our natural environment is changing.

Because the spring flowering of perennial plants occurs largely in response to the amount of warmth they are exposed to, earlier flowering occurs after warmer winters, and later flowering occurs after colder winters. People of all ages can participate in PlantWatch. It's easy – and you can help solve one of the most pressing problems facing our society today.

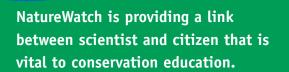
PlantWatch is part of a suite of environmental monitoring programs that include FrogWatch, Icewatch and Wormwatch.

Visit our Web site at www.naturecanada.ca for more information.

## SIMPLE WAYS TO REDUCE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS AND SLOW CLIMATE CHANGE

**ON THE ROAD:** reduce the amount you drive; walk, bike, carpool and use public transit more often; don't idle your vehicle; keep you vehicle properly tuned and tires properly inflated; consider fuel efficiency when buying a vehicle.

**AT HOME:** buy energy efficient appliances; shut off lights and equipment when not in use; use fluorescent bulbs, lower your thermostat and water heater temperature; insulate and weatherproof your home; conserve water; hang laundry; plant trees; reduce, reuse, recycle.



# Your Observation Guide for PlantWatch Species

These three plants are good climate change indicators and found in most regions of Canada!



#### WILD STRAWBERRY

**Scientific** 

name: (Fragaria virginiana/vesca)

French name: fraisier sauvage Bloom time: April to May

**Habitat:** forest, meadows, open areas

Location: YK, NT, BC, AB, SK, MB, ON, QC,

NB, NS, PEI, NF

**Description:** Small plant that grows in woods

or fields, often forming little colonies. Each plant has

three-to-five white flowers, 7–10 mm long and each has five petals. Fruits look like miniatures of store-bought strawberries.

What to watch for:

When do the first flowers open in the observed plants?

When are 50% of the flowers open

in the observed plants?

**D**ANDELION

Scientific

name: (Taraxacum officinale)

French name: pissenlit Bloom time: April to June

**Habitat:** Dandelions grow almost anywhere,

but are common in cultivated

areas and wastelands.

Location: YK, NT, BC, AB, SK, MB, ON, QC,

NB, NS, PEI, NF

**Description:** Common plant, 5-40 cm tall,

introduced to Canada from Europe. Flower heads are yellow and the flower stem is hollow and leafless. After full bloom, white, fluffy, round balls of seeds appear. The parachuted seeds are blown

away by the wind.

What to watch for:

When do first flowers open in the

wild rose

observed plants?

When does the first seed-head open, forming a white, fluffy

ball of seeds?

## What to watch for:

COMMON PURPLE LILAC

French name: lilas commun

**Bloom time:** May to June

(Syringa vulgaris)

NB, NS, PEI, NF

vary in colour.

**Description:** A non-native garden shrub, brought

Lilac bushes grow where they have

been planted, such as in parks and

not grow successfully in the arctic.

YK, NT, BC, AB, SK, MB, ON, QC,

to Canada from Europe, it can

grow up to 4 m high and 7 m wide.

Heart-shaped leaves are smooth and

Small fragrant flowers (florets) grow

in clusters 10-20 cm long, and can

appear before the flowers bloom.

gardens; but this introduced plant does

**Scientific** 

Name:

**Habitat:** 

**Location:** 

When are the first florets open on the observed shrub (3 places)?
When are 50% of the florets

open on the observed shrub?

When do the first leaves push out of the bud and unfold completely?



Here is a list of the official provincial flower emblems of the provinces and territories of Canada. Each of these flowers is native to Canada, and grows wild in at least part of the province or territory it represents. British Columbia
Manitoba
New Brunswick
Newfoundland
Northwest territories
Nunavut
Nova Scotia
Ontario

Alberta

Prince Edward island Quebec

Saskatchewan Yukon purple violet
pitcher plant
mountain avens
purple saxifrage
mayflower
trillium
pink lady's slipper
blue flag

pacific dogwood

prairie crocus

western red lily

